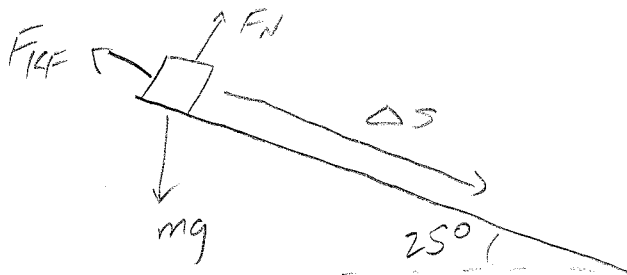


Physics 10154 - Exam #5B

Answer the following two questions. Be sure to clearly indicate your answer with a circle or box. Show all work. If I cannot see how you arrived at an answer, I will deduct points!

1. A block is initially at rest at the top of a 2.0-meter plane inclined at 25° with respect to the horizontal. By the time the block slides down to the bottom of the plane, it is moving with a speed of 2.9 m/s. What is the coefficient of kinetic friction between the block and the inclined plane?



$$W_N = 0$$

$$W_{\text{grav}} = (mg)(\Delta s) \cos 65^\circ \\ = 8.28 \text{ m}$$

$$W_{\text{KF}} = (\mu_k F_N)(\Delta s) \cos 180^\circ \\ = -\mu_k (mg \cos 25^\circ)(\Delta s) \\ = -17.7 \mu_k \text{ m}$$

$$0 + 8.28 \text{ m} - 17.7 \mu_k \text{ m} = \frac{1}{2} m (2.9)^2 - 0$$

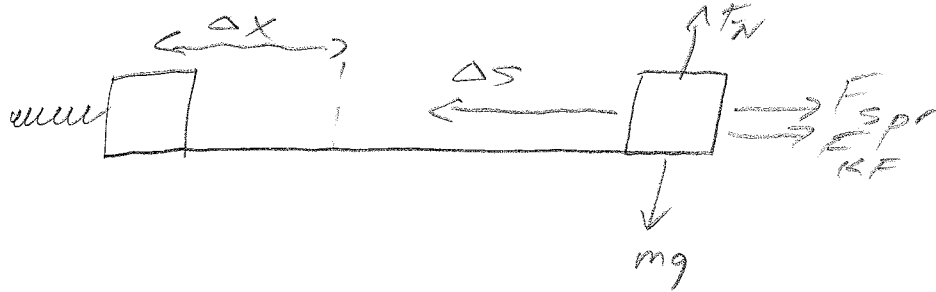
$$8.28 - 17.7 \mu_k = 4.21$$

$$-17.7 \mu_k = -4.08$$

$$\boxed{\mu_k = 0.23}$$

2. A 3.0-kg wooden block is given an initial speed of 7.5 m/s along a rough table with a coefficient of kinetic friction of 0.22 between the table and the block. After moving 2.2 meters along the horizontal surface, the block encounters a relaxed horizontal spring with a spring constant of 35 N/m.

Keeping in mind that friction continues to act on the block even while the spring is slowing the block down, to what maximum value of x is the spring compressed?



$$W_N = 0$$

$$W_{grav} = 0$$

$$W_{spr} = -\frac{1}{2}k\Delta x^2 = -17.5x^2$$

$$W_{KF} = (\mu_k F_N)(\Delta s + \Delta x) \cos 180^\circ$$

$$= -\mu_k mg(\Delta s + x)$$

$$= -(0.22)(3.0)(9.8)(2.2 + x)$$

$$= -14.23 - 6.47x$$

$$0 + 0 - 17.5x^2 - 14.23 - 6.47x = 0 - \frac{1}{2}(3)(7.5)^2$$

$$17.5x^2 + 6.47x + 14.23 = 84.4$$

$$17.5x^2 + 6.47x - 70.15 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-6.47 \pm \sqrt{(6.47)^2 + 4(17.5)(70.15)}}{35} = -0.18 \pm 2.01$$

$$\boxed{x = 1.8 \text{ m}}$$