## Physics 10154 - Exam #6D

Answer the following two questions. Be sure to clearly indicate your answer with a circle or box. Show all work. If I cannot see how you arrived at an answer, I will deduct points!

1. Two cars of equal mass collide at an intersection and move as one after the collision. Car A is moving North at 24 m/s. Car B is moving 33° North of East at an unknown speed. Immediately after the collision, the two cars move off at an angle of 67° North of East. What was the speed of car B prior to the collision?

the collision? X:  $m(0) + mV_B \cos 33^\circ = 2mV_A \cos 67^\circ$ (Y:  $m(24) + mV_B \sin 33^\circ = 2mV_D \sin 67^\circ$ )  $V_B = \frac{2V_A \cos 67^\circ}{\cos 33^\circ} = 0.932V_A$ 

24 + .932 4 sin 33° = 24 sin 67°

24 = 4 (2 sin 67° -, 932 sin 33°)

24 = 4 (1,84 - ,508)

Vf = 18 m/s

V3 = (.932)(18) = [17 m/5]

2. A 22-gram bullet collides with a 650-gram pendulum bob initially at rest. After the collision, the bullet passes through the bob and goes on at a speed of 180 m/s. The 1.2-meter pendulum rises to a maximum angle of 22° after the collision. What is the initial speed of the bullet prior to the collision?

Collision  $(.022)V_{i}; + (.650)(0) = (.022)(180) + .650V_{24}$   $.022V_{i}; = 3.96 + .650V_{24}$ 

 $\begin{aligned} & \text{Pendulum} \\ & h = 1.2(1 - \cos 22^{\circ}) = .0874 m \\ & \text{EW}_{F} = W_{grav} = 0 - \frac{1}{2}mv_{o}^{2} \\ & - mgh = -\frac{1}{2}mv_{o}^{2} \\ & V_{o} = \sqrt{2gh} = \sqrt{2(9.8)(.0874)^{7}} \\ & = 1.3(\frac{m}{6}) \end{aligned}$ 

 $V_{1i} = \frac{4.81}{.022} \cdot \left[ \frac{220}{5} \right]$