<u>Physics 10154 - Exam #3a</u>

Partial credit will be given provided you show all work and are solving parts of the problem correctly. Points will be deducted if you don't show your work (or if some parts are incorrect) even if you get the right answer. <u>Clearly indicate your answer</u> with a circle or box and remember to include correct <u>units</u> and <u>significant figures</u>.

1. (35 pts) Mass A is initially at rest, connected to a 2.5 meter long string initially at an angle of 28° with respect to the vertical. Mass A is released, and at the bottom of its motion, it collides with and sticks to mass B, initially at rest. Mass A is three times more massive than mass B. After the collision, to what maximum height do the combined masses rise?

- 2. (30 pts) A car is moving at a constant speed around a curve on a flat road with radius of curvature 58 meters. The top speed the car can go without slipping is 38 miles/hour.
- a) What is the coefficient of static friction that prevents the car from slipping radially as it moves around the curve?

b) If the road is icy and the coefficient of static friction is reduced to 0.13, what will be the car's speed around the same curve, in miles per hour? 3. (35 pts) A projectile is launched vertically from Earth's surface and given some initial velocity. After launch, the only force acting on the projectile is gravity. The projectile reaches a maximum altitude of 1500 miles above Earth's surface. What was the initial launch velocity?