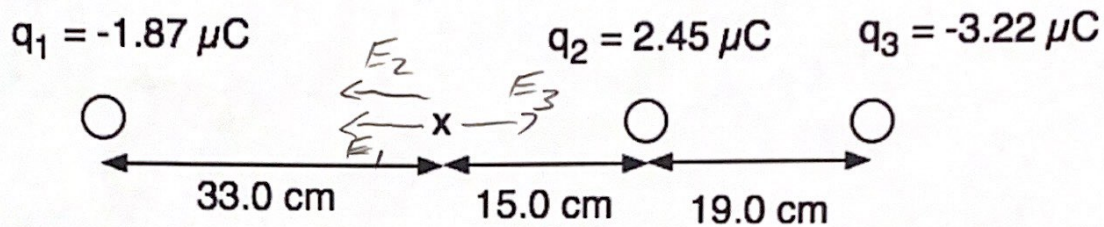


Quiz 18.1D

Three charges are arranged along the x-axis as shown.

- Find the magnitude and direction of the electric field at the position x.
- Assume an electron is now located at x. What is the magnitude and direction of the acceleration experienced by the electron (properties of an electron are located on page 1 of your formula sheet).



$$|E_1| = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(1.87 \times 10^{-6})}{.33^2} = 1.545 \times 10^5, -x$$

$$|E_2| = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(2.45 \times 10^{-6})}{.15^2} = 9.8 \times 10^5, -x$$

$$|E_3| = \frac{(9 \times 10^9)(3.22 \times 10^{-6})}{.34^2} = 2.51 \times 10^5, +x$$

$$\vec{E}_{\text{TOT}} = -E_1 - E_2 + E_3$$

$$= -1.55 \times 10^5 - 9.80 \times 10^5 + 2.51 \times 10^5$$

$$= -8.84 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}, \text{ or } \boxed{8.84 \times 10^5 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{C}}, -x}$$

$$|a| = \frac{qE}{m}, \text{ opposite of } \vec{E}$$

$$= \frac{(1.60 \times 10^{-19})(8.84 \times 10^5)}{9.11 \times 10^{-31}} = \boxed{1.55 \times 10^{17} \text{ m/s}^2, +x \text{ dir}}$$